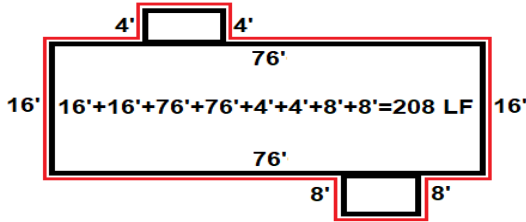
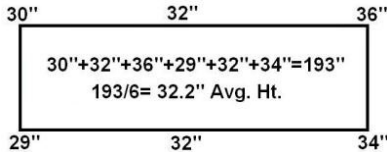




CALCULATING VINYL SKIRTING KITS



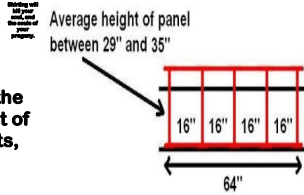
◀ To cover the entire home, measure all four sides. For a 16' wide x 76' long house the 4 sides will total up to 184 lineal feet (LF). If you have to skirt a deck, add the sides coming away from the home to the total lineal footage. Normally, if you skirt around your deck, you don't have to skirt *behind* the deck. The red line indicates where your skirting will be installed.



$208 / 11' = 18.9$
18.9 rounds up to 19 trim pieces

◀ To calculate vinyl trim, divide the total LF by 11. All skirting trim pieces are 11' long.

▲ Take a height measurement at each of the four corners of the home and the mid-point of each long side, total up the measurements, and divide by 6. This will determine the average height of your cut panels.



Knowing the average height helps to determine how many full panels will be needed. Most homes have average heights between 29" and 35". A full panel, when cut into 4 smaller panels and installed, will cover 5.33 LF. To calculate the total number of full panels you will need, use this handy formula: **Total lineal feet times .75 divided by "x"** ("x" is the number of cuts you can get from a full panel, according to the average height)

Based on box size lineal footage (LF). Panel quantities change with height variations. Pick the panel column that reflects your average height. Determine average height with several measurements from ground to 1"- 2" overlap on siding. Consult our skirting representative for special quotes.

| Box Size (LF) ▼ | Panels up to 28" Avg. Ht. | Panels up to 35" Avg. Ht. | Panels up to 46" Avg. Ht. | Trim Kit (165 LF) | Top Back Trim | Top Front Trim | Ground Channel | Weed-Eater Guard | Hex Screws | 7" Ground Spikes |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| 14 x 36 (100) | 15 | 19 | 25 | - | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 300 | 70 |
| 12 x 56 (136) | 21 | 26 | 34 | - | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 400 | 90 |
| 14 x 56 (140) | 21 | 27 | 35 | - | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 400 | 90 |
| 16 x 56 (144) | 22 | 27 | 36 | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 500 | 100 |
| 32 x 42 (148) | 23 | 28 | 37 | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 500 | 100 |
| 28 x 48 (152) | 23 | 29 | 38 | - | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 500 | 100 |
| 28 x 52 (160) | 24 | 30 | 40 | 1 | - | - | - | 15 | 500 | 100 |
| 28 x 56 (168) | 26 | 32 | 42 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 500 | 110 |
| 28 x 60 (176) | 27 | 33 | 44 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 500 | 110 |
| 16 x 76 (184) | 28 | 35 | 46 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 17 | 500 | 115 |
| 18 x 76 (188) | 29 | 36 | 47 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 500 | 120 |
| 28 x 68 (192) | 29 | 36 | 48 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 500 | 125 |
| 32 x 66 (196) | 30 | 37 | 49 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 500 | 125 |
| 28 x 72 (200) | 30 | 38 | 50 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 19 | 500 | 130 |
| 28 x 76 (208) | 32 | 39 | 52 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 19 | 500 | 130 |
| 32 x 76 (216) | 33 | 41 | 54 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 20 | 600 | 135 |

Helpful Notes:

*To determine average height, measure from ground to bottom of home siding at each corner and middle of long sides, add up all measurements and divide by total number of measurements, then add 1 inch. (Example: 30 + 34 + 29 + 27 + 32 + 30 = 182 inches, divided by 6 measurements = 30.33 inches, plus 1 inch = 31.33 average height. This will determine how many cuts you can get from a full panel, and how many panels you will need. A full 140" panel will yield (3) 46.6" cuts, (4) 35" cuts, or (5) 28" cuts.

*Trim Kits Contain (15) Top Back, (15) Top Front, (15) Ground Channel, enough trim to cover 165 lineal feet. Use 7-8 Ground Spikes per channel.

*Panels taller than 48" require interior bracing. We recommend using steel "J" ground channel and/or wind-guard rods for bracing.
*Decks require extra materials. For decks, add the lengths of the two sides running away from the home to total lineal feet, and refer to chart. To cover a hitch, add 8 feet to total lineal feet. (1) steel ground channel and (1) steel corner piece are recommended for bracing and covering one hitch. For sturdier hitch covers, use wood bracing.
*Lifetime Top Front trim can be combined with ground channel for added protection from weed trimmers. *Homes on inclines will use extra ground channel. Sloped walk ramps and sides of steps will use extra top trim.

Exterior Refurb

